# SECTION 130—SF 133, REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES

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### 130.1 What is the purpose of the SF 133 and how is it organized?

The SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources:

• Fulfills the requirement in <u>31 U.S.C. 1511–1514</u> that the President review Federal expenditures at least four times a year.

- Allows the monitoring of the status of funds that were apportioned on the SF 132 Apportionment and Reapportionment Schedule and funds that were not apportioned.
- Provides a consistent presentation of information across programs within each agency, and across agencies, which helps program, budget, and accounting staffs to communicate.
- Provides historical reference that can be used to help prepare the President's Budget, program operating plans, and spend-out rate estimates.
- Provides a basis to determine obligation patterns when programs are required to operate under a continuing resolution.
- Ties an agency's financial statements to their budget execution. The compilation of an agency's SF 133s should generally agree with an agency's Statement of Budgetary Resources. The few differences are explained in section 130.16(e).

The SF 133 consists of the following sections:

Section	shows whether	and is described in:
Budgetary Resources	budgetary resources are available for obligation or not	Appendix F, Budgetary Resources
Status of Budgetary Resources	budgetary resources have been obligated or not	Appendix F, Status of Budgetary Resources
Relation of Obligations to Outlays	obligated amounts have been outlayed or not	Appendix F, Relation of Obligations to Outlays

### 130.2 What are the general requirements for submitting SF 133s?

### (a) What accounts should I report?

Unless otherwise specified by OMB, all Executive Branch agencies must electronically submit SF 133 information each quarter for each open Treasury appropriation fund symbol (TAFS).

Do submit SF 133 reports for:

- Unexpired (i.e. current) TAFSs;
- Expired TAFSs (including TAFSs about to be closed and annual TAFSs that are older than five years that have legally authorized extended disbursing authority);
- Both apportioned TAFSs and those that have not been apportioned; and
- Credit program, financing, and liquidating TAFSs (see section 185 for detailed information).

*Do not* submit SF 133 reports for:

- Deposit fund accounts;
- Receipt accounts (including clearing accounts and suspense accounts); and
- Closed TAFSs (i.e. TAFSs with canceled balances) unless required by OMB.

### (b) What level of detail should I report?

Submit SF 133s for each expired and unexpired TAFS. Report amounts as cumulative from the beginning of the fiscal year to the end of the period.

Because one of the main purposes of the SF 133 is to monitor the use of the funds planned on the SF 132 Apportionment, in general, your SF 133 should contain the same level of detail as your SF 132 Apportionment.

A consolidated SF 132 Apportionment does not exempt you from the requirement to separately report each TAFS. When a single apportionment is provided for more than one TAFS, you must identify the TAFSs that were apportioned together in the footnotes of the SF 133 for each of those TAFSs. For example, if fund 12–X–9901 is apportioned and is an aggregation of 12–X–0100, 12–X–0101, and 12–X–0102, then the three SF 133s should each have a footnote indicating that all of the funds were apportioned under 12–X–9901. (See section 120.27.) Include all footnotes at the end of the SF 133.

### (c) How do I submit an SF 133?

You must submit SF 133 budget execution information electronically through the Treasury's Federal Agencies' Centralized Trial-balance System II (FACTS II). This facilitates analysis and ensures consistent presentation of budget execution information so that Government-wide totals are meaningful. Electronic submission of the information also allows the SF 133 to be presented on the internet at <a href="https://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/reports">www.whitehouse.gov/omb/reports</a> to facilitate communication among accounting, budget, and audit staff.

You can find out more about FACTS II at <a href="www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl/FACTSII">www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl/FACTSII</a> or by calling the GOALS Marketing Team at (202) 874–8270. FACTS II does not replace the SF 133, but rather replaces previous systems used to collect SF 133 information.

### (d) Who can approve an SF 133 submission?

SF 133 information submitted for each independent agency, departmental bureau, or similar subdivision will be certified by an officer duly authorized by the head of the agency to be responsible for the integrity of the submission.

Typically, one group within your agency (for example, the accounting office) reports amounts to Treasury while another group (for example, the budget office) prepares budget schedules (see <a href="section 82.15">section 82.15</a>). Before the accounting office submits its actuals to Treasury in FACTS II, you must ensure that the amounts you are going to report are conceptually and numerically consistent with the amounts that your budget office is going to report in MAX A-11. In addition, GAO requires your auditors to determine whether controls exist to ensure that the amounts in your systems and the amounts submitted via FACTS II agree. See GAO-02-126G "Guide for Auditing the Statement of Budgetary Resources" (see <a href="section 82.15">section 82.15</a>).

### (e) When do I submit an SF 133?

You must submit SF 133 budget execution information at the end of each quarter. You can find out the reporting deadlines at <a href="https://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl/FACTSII">www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl/FACTSII</a> or by calling the GOALS Marketing Team at (202) 874–8270. The deadlines are approximately three weeks after the close of each quarter. You must revise any material errors in previously reported information through FACTS II at this time as well. You also must be able to produce a monthly SF 133 when required by OMB.

### (f) What other budget execution reporting requirements must I meet?

You must submit a paper copy of the SF 133 for each quarter directly to the Committee on Appropriations, House of Representatives. To the extent practicable, you should submit all the reports for each independent agency, departmental bureau, or similar subdivision together and numbered consecutively. You may use printouts of SF 133s from FACTS II.

You should periodically compare the estimates of anticipated amounts (contained on SF 132 lines 1E, 2C, 3C, 3D, 4B, 6F, and SF 133 line 9A2) to actual results to improve future estimates.

### 130.3 How do I report budgetary resources?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see <u>Appendix F</u>, <u>budgetary resources</u>. The Appendix F includes specific instructions for unexpired TAFSs, expired TAFSs, and expired TAFSs being closed. "Expired TAFSs being closed" refers to the final September 30 SF 133 that is submitted for a TAFS (e.g. the September 30 report for an annual TAFS that has been expired for five years).

### 130.4 How do I report the status of budgetary resources?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see Appendix F, status of budgetary resources.

### 130.5 How do I report obligations, and how are obligations shown on SF 133 reports?

Agencies will provide descriptive stubs for both Category A and Category B obligations. For Category B obligations that do not use program reporting categories, agencies will continue to provide a stub that describes the Category B project. For both Category A and Category B obligations that use program reporting categories, agencies will provide a stub that describes the reporting category.

OMB sends a list of program reporting category stubs, as well as Category B project stubs, from approved apportionments to the Department of the Treasury's Financial Management Service (FMS) for use in FACTS II budget execution reporting. See <u>sections 121.2</u>, 121.3, and 121.4 for additional information. When reporting your obligations, FACTS II will present you with a list of program reporting categories and Category B projects to report upon; these Category B projects and reporting categories are taken from OMB's automated apportionment system.

OMB sends this information to FMS so OMB can use automated tools to align program report categories and Category B projects on the approved apportionments to the SF 133 reports. Prior to this change, OMB was unable to create automated reports that compare apportioned amounts (from the SF 132) and obligations (from the SF 133) by Category B project. The reason is that the SF 132s and SF 133s used different names for the Category B projects, so it was impossible to use a computer program to line up the projects by name.

When reporting your obligations to FACTS II, you may add new Category B and\or program report category stubs. Here are some reasons why you may need to add new Category B projects and\or reporting categories:

First, you must report all obligations that took place during the reporting period. You must add Category B projects and\or program reporting categories if FACTS II does not provide you with a comprehensive list of reporting categories and\or Category B projects to report all your obligations.

Second, if you are aware that OMB has apportioned funds using Category B projects that are not presented in FACTS II, then you should add the missing Category B projects names, and report your obligations for those projects.

Third, if you are aware that OMB has used program reporting categories that are not presented in FACTS II, then you should add the missing program reporting category names, and report our obligations for those categories.

The obligations submitted to FACTS II are presented in two ways on the SF 133 reports produced by FACTS II and OMB.

First, obligations are summarized into the following categories: (1) Direct, Category A; (2) Direct, All Category B projects; (3) Direct, exempt from apportionment; (4) Reimbursable, Category A; (5) Reimbursable, All Category B projects; and, (6) Reimbursable, exempt from apportionment.

Second, the SF 133s show obligations by Apportionment Category (A or B), and then by Category B project (for Category B, only) or program reporting category (Category A and Category B).

Exhibit 130C shows how the obligations are reported for one TAFS.

### 130.6 How do I report the relation of obligations to outlays?

To use the entries in this section of the SF 133, see <u>Appendix F</u>, <u>relation of obligations to outlays</u>. Lines 12 through 15 are required for all quarters.

### 130.7 What should I report during the expired phase?

*Budget execution reporting procedures.* Obligated and unobligated balances must be reported on the SF 133 for each expired TAFS that has not been canceled.

September 30 SF 133 reports for annual TAFSs and the last year of multi-year TAFSs that expire at midnight on September 30 should report these TAFSs as unexpired.

Expired unobligated balances.

At the beginning of the first expired year, place the expired unobligated balance on line 2A, "Unobligated balance: Brought forward October 1." This amount should equal the sum of the lines in the unobligated balances available section of the final report of budget execution for the unexpired phase, i.e., the sum of lines 9A, 9B and 9C, "Unobligated balance available." These unobligated balances are now expired budgetary resources. They are available for obligation only for valid upward adjustments of obligations that were properly incurred against the TAFS during the unexpired phase.

Since the expired resources are no longer available for new obligations, place the amounts not used for valid adjustments on line 10D, "Unobligated balance not available, other." In each succeeding expired year, the amount on line 2A, "Unobligated balance brought forward October 1," should be the same as the amount on line 10D, "Unobligated balance not available, other," of the final report of budget execution for the prior year.

### 130.8 How do I report adjustments to expired TAFSs?

Downward adjustments. Place downward adjustments of unpaid obligations previously incurred on line 4A, "Recoveries of prior year obligations, actual." The amount should be included as a positive number because it increases the expired resources available only for future adjustments. Downward adjustments do not include previously paid obligations which require a refund. These refunds will be recorded on line 3A, "Spending authority from offsetting collections, earned," when received.

*Upward adjustments.* Place upward adjustments of obligations previously incurred on line 8, "Obligations incurred." Upward adjustments of obligations reduce unobligated balances. Subtract upward adjustments from the expired unobligated balances on line 10D, "Unobligated balance not available, other."

The amount should represent the upward adjustments made during the fiscal year for which the report is submitted. Upward adjustments made during previous fiscal years should not be included because the amounts on line 10D, "Unobligated balance not available, other," have already been adjusted downward.

Upward adjustments are limited in at least two ways:

- Upward adjustments are limited by the amount available for adjustments on line 10D, "Unobligated balance not available, other," of the expired TAFS.
- No new obligations may be shown in the expired TAFS columns. Only upward adjustments of
  obligations that were incurred in the year in which the amount was available for obligation are
  valid, i.e., recording obligations that were incurred previously but reported in a different amount or
  erroneously not reported.

Obligation adjustments for contract changes. Upward adjustments to obligations in expired TAFSs, caused by "contract changes" that exceed certain cumulative thresholds, are subject to additional reporting and approval requirements as shown in the following table. A "contract change" means an order relating to an existing contract under which a contractor is required to perform additional work. A contract change does not include adjustments related to an escalation clause.

For the Department of Defense, obligational increases for contract changes are cumulative at the program, project, and activity level. For civilian agencies, such increases are cumulative at the appropriation level.

If the contract change will cause cumulative obligational increases to an appropriation to exceed	Then the agency head
\$4 million during a fiscal year	(or a designated officer in his immediate office) must approve the contract change.
\$25 million during a fiscal year	must report the contract change in writing to the appropriate authorizing committees in Congress and to the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations <i>before</i> the obligation is made. Include a description of the legal basis and policy reasons for the proposed obligation. Do <i>not</i> make or record the obligation in your accounting records until 30 days after submitting the report.

### 130.9 What must I do when I have extended disbursement authority?

The length of the expired phase of TAFSs may only be changed by law. You must prepare budget execution reports in accordance with Appendix F. Also, you must report such authority to Treasury's Financial Management Service to prevent premature, automatic cancellation of the TAFS. For further guidance, you should consult the Treasury Financial Manual.

Normally, payment of canceled balances will not be eligible for funding from Treasury's general claims fund.

### 130.10 How do I report expired TAFSs that are being closed?

Expired obligated and unobligated balances must be reported as canceled on the final, September 30 SF 133 before you close the TAFS. Once an amount is reported as canceled, it should not be reported again. Note: Technically, TAFSs are "closed," while appropriations and balances are "canceled."

Cancellations of unobligated balances.

On the final, September 30 SF 133 before a TAFS will be closed, you must present all unobligated balances as canceled, i.e. as a negative (–) on line 6A, "Permanently not available, cancellations of expired and no-year TAFSs."

On all SF 133s, other than the final September 30 SF 133 before a TAFS will be closed, you should show recoveries of prior year obligations on line 4A, "Recoveries of prior year obligations, actual," as an expired resource. You should add any part of a recovery that is not used to adjust obligations to the expired unobligated balance shown on line 10D, "Unobligated balance not available, other."

Cancellations of obligated balances.

When a TAFS is required to be canceled, you must present any remaining obligated balance as canceled by doing the following:

- Include it as a cancellation (a positive number) on line 4A, "Recoveries of prior year obligations, actual."
- Include it as a writeoff (a negative number) on line 6A, "Permanently not available, cancellations of expired and no-year accounts."
- Reduce the obligated balance, line 14A, "Obligated balance, net, end of year period, accounts receivable," to zero.

### 130.11 What disbursements can I make during the canceled phase?

Legitimately incurred obligations that have not been disbursed (i.e. paid) at the time a TAFS is canceled cannot be disbursed from the canceled obligated or unobligated balances of the canceled TAFS.

After a TAFS is canceled, any obligations or adjustments to obligations that would have been properly chargeable to that TAFS may be disbursed from an unexpired TAFS that is available for obligation for the same purpose as the closed TAFS, provided that:

- The obligation or adjustment is not already chargeable to another unexpired TAFS.
- Payment of obligations against canceled TAFSs from unexpired TAFSs are limited to one percent of the appropriation in the unexpired TAFS. No more than one percent of an unexpired TAFS may be used to pay any combination of canceled obligations. This is a single, cumulative limit. It applies to one percent of the annual appropriation (not total budgetary resources) for annual TAFSs and to unexpired appropriations for multi-year TAFSs.

For example, assume there is a multi-year TAFS with an appropriation of \$10 million that covers fiscal year 1997 through 1999 that was enacted in fiscal year 1997. In fiscal year 1997, the one percent limitation is equal to \$100,000. At the end of fiscal year 1997, \$90,000 was used. In fiscal year 1998, the unused, unexpired portion (\$10,000) of the limitation is available for upward adjustment and disbursement of an obligation from a canceled predecessor TAFS. See <a href="section 120.20">section 120.20</a>.

- Antideficiency Act provisions continue to apply to canceled TAFSs. The authority to pay obligations against closed TAFSs from one percent of unexpired TAFSs cannot be used to exceed the original appropriation.
- When you cancel obligations under the provisions of Public Law 101–510 (31 U.S.C. 1551–1557), a tracking process should be maintained. You must maintain proper standard general ledger controls for obligations pertaining to canceled appropriations to prevent overpayment. The Treasury's Financial Management Service provides standard general ledger (SGL) accounting instructions. See <a href="http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl">http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl</a> for further information.

### 130.12 How do I submit non-standard reports?

You must submit additional *monthly* budget execution reports when required by OMB. Submit these directly to your OMB representative. Use the SF 133 format and lines described in <u>Appendix F</u>. Provide a separate column of information for each unexpired and expired TAFS. The columns should be formatted in the following order: unexpired, expired, and total. Report amounts in whole dollars. The submission of a monthly report does not relieve you of providing an electronic submission through FACTS II each quarter.

OMB's policy is to use existing agency internal reports to the greatest extent feasible to support required reports. When existing agency internal reports do not include the information necessary to provide complete information on the progress and status of programs, projects, or activities, supporting information may be required by OMB.

See <u>section 20</u> on definitions, concepts, and terminology for additional guidance related to preparation of the SF 133.

### 130.13 How do I report lower levels of detail?

You can submit lower levels of detail on the SF 133 in a variety of ways as follows:

Method	Description
Category B	If your SF 132 apportions funds on line 8B "Category B" at a certain level, then you must provide the same level of detail on the SF 133.

Method	Description
Treasury Sub-account	You may need to report certain SF 133s by Treasury sub-account. OMB and you may decide that a Treasury sub-account be established to identify a certain level of detail not only on the SF 133 but also on other reports submitted to the Treasury.
	The establishment of a Treasury sub-account for an account may affect Treasury reporting requirements (such as the SF 224 Statement of Transactions).
Footnotes	For information that is integral to understanding the content of the SF 133, but cannot be reported in one of the more standardized methods described above, you may footnote any amount reported on the SF 133. If your OMB representative requires a footnote, then it must be provided.

Consult with your OMB representative to determine the best method for your situation.

#### 130.14 How do I submit an SF 133 for allocation accounts?

The parent agency must ensure that a separate SF 133 is submitted for each allocation transfer account through FACTS II. When allocation transfers are made from a parent account to allocation accounts, then an SF 133 will be submitted for each allocation account to report its activities. The parent agency will determine who will submit the information through FACTS II and how. Regardless of who submits the information through FACTS II, the activity of both the parent account and the allocation accounts will be reported on the parent agency's Statement of Budgetary Resources.

The parent agency may choose to: (a) gather information from all of the agencies that have allocation accounts and enter the information into FACTS II, or (b) require each agency with an allocation account to enter information into FACTS II and provide a copy to the parent agency.

Agencies reporting these allocation accounts will furnish information to the other agency or agencies involved in the allocation in a timely manner. Receiving agencies will submit the information required to the parent agency no later than 15 calendar days following the end of the reporting period.

#### 130.15 How do I submit an SF 133 for credit TAFSs?

You should submit SF 133s for credit TAFSs at the TAFS level during quarters one through three, but at the cohort level in the fourth quarter. To determine the SF 133 aggregation of credit TAFS reporting that is required for your agency, consult your OMB representative. For additional instructions for preparing the SF 133 for credit programs, see section 185.

### 130.16 How do I ensure that my actuals are consistent?

Amounts reported on the fourth quarter SF 133 must be consistent with information reported to Treasury as part of year-end closing procedures and must be based on actual accounting information pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3512. Actuals submitted to OMB for inclusion in the President's annual budget, which is submitted to the Congress, should agree with those submitted to Treasury and those submitted on the fourth quarter SF 133. If one group within your agency (for example, accounting) reports amounts to Treasury while another group (for example, the budget office) prepares budget schedules, then you must take action to ensure that the amounts reported are conceptually and numerically consistent. It may be advisable to allow the budget office to review your SF 133 information before it is submitted.

- (a) What reports of actuals should generally be the same?
  - September 30 SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources.
  - Statement of Budgetary Resources (SBR) (if required).
  - Budget Program and Financing Schedule (actuals column).
  - Treasury Combined Statement.
  - FMS 2108 Year-end Closing Statement (used to generate Treasury Combined Statement).
  - SF 224 Statement of Transactions (used to generate Treasury Combined Statement).
  - Your agency's accounting system.
- (b) What guidance is available to help me ensure that my actuals are reported consistently?
  - Exhibit 130K Crosswalk from SF 133 to the Budget Program and Financing schedule.
  - Exhibit 130M Relationship between Selected SF 133 and Budget Program and Financing Schedule lines.
  - section 82.15
  - Treasury Financial Manual U.S. Government Standard General Ledger Supplement, which contains crosswalks from the U.S. Standard General Ledger to the SF 133/SBR, FMS 2108, and Program and Financing Schedule. It is available at <a href="http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl">http://www.fms.treas.gov/ussgl</a>.
- (c) What differences should I expect between the September 30 SF 133 and the Budget Appendix?
  - The SF 133 is displayed at the TAFS level, while the *Appendix* presents consolidated information covering all TAFSs (annual, multiple-year, and no-year) with the same account title. Also, an account in the *Appendix* may contain multiple TAFSs with different titles.
  - OMB Circular No. A-11 requires that allocation transfer accounts be consolidated and reported by the parent account for budget formulation purposes. OMB Circular No. A-11 requires that allocation accounts be reported separately for budget execution purposes (see <a href="section 130.14">section 130.14</a>). The sum of the information on all the SF 133s with the same account title should be the same as the information required for the *Appendix*.
  - As the crosswalk from SF 133 to the Budget Program and Financing schedule (<u>Exhibit 130K</u>) shows, not all of the expired budgetary resources shown on the SF 133 are shown in the Budget Program and Financing schedule.
  - The SF 133 is reported in dollars, while the Budget Program and Financing schedule is in millions of dollars.
- (d) What differences should I expect among the September 30 SF 133, the Budget Appendix, and Treasury Combined Statement?
  - For trust or special funds where budget authority is limited by law, unobligated balances at the end of the fiscal year reported in the Treasury Combined Statement (column 6) may not agree with the unobligated balances reported on the SF 133 (lines 9/10) and the actual column of the Budget Program and Financing Schedule. The difference in the two amounts will represent the total end of year balance on the *Appendix*'s schedule on unavailable collections (Schedule N).

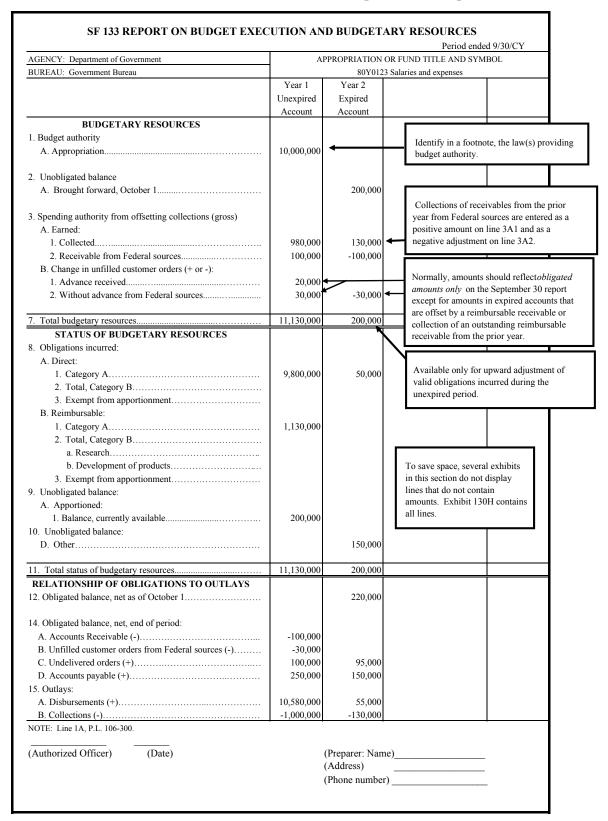
- (e) What differences should I expect between the September 30 SF 133 and the Statement of Budgetary Resources?
  - The SF 133 is displayed at the TAFS level, while the Statement of Budgetary Resources is displayed at the agency level. The Statement of Budgetary Resources is displayed as a principal statement for the agency as a whole, and must be displayed as required supplementary information for major TAFSs.
  - The SF 133 displays lines with zero dollars associated with them, while the Statement of Budgetary Resources does not display lines with zero dollars associated with them.
  - The Statement of Budgetary Resources includes a separate column for credit financing TAFSs because they are non-budgetary.
  - The Statement of Budgetary Resources includes separate lines for offsetting receipts and net outlays in order to derive the net outlays for the agency.

### **Annual Account--September 30 Report**

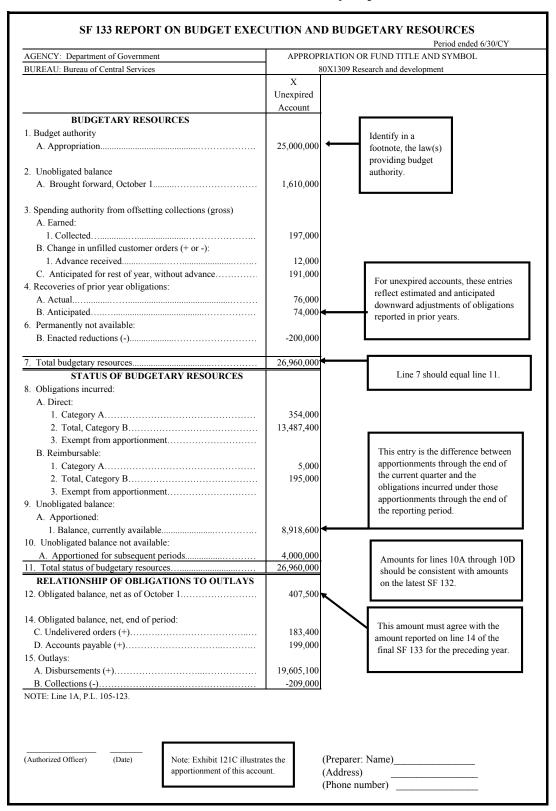
To save space, several exhibits in this section do not display lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibit 130H contains all lines

SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECU	TION AND	BUDGET	TARY RES	SOURCES	;			ntain 30H contair
	1						Period er	nded 9/30/CY
AGENCY: Department of Government	APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL							
BUREAU: Office of the Secretary	****	*****		137 Salaries an				
	FY 2000	FY 1999	FY 1998	FY 1997	FY 19		Y 1995	m . 1
	Unexpired Account	Expired Account	Expired Account	Expired Account	Expire Accou		ccount	Total
BUDGETARY RESOURCES	Account	Account	Account	Account	Accou	III A	ccount	
1. Budget authority								
A. Appropriation	7,400,000							7,400,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,100,000							7,100,
Unobligated balance								
A. Brought forward, October 1		110,000	205,000	75,000	87,	000	10,000	487,
3. Spending authority from offsetting collections (gross):								
A. Earned:								
1. Collected	403,000							403.
B. Change in unfilled customer orders (+ or -):	,							
1. Advance received								
4. Recoveries of prior year obligations:						.		
A. Actual		l	The #10	eptember 30 S	CE 122		<b>3</b> ,500	3
				ccount will be				
5. Temporarily not available pursuant to Pubic Law 106-300 (-):	-1,000			these lines to		/		
				amount to be		ΚI		
Permanently not available:			canceled.			I X		
<ul> <li>A. Cancellations of expired and no-year</li> </ul>						*	-11,000	-11,
accounts (-)		•				-		
7. T.4.1bl4	7,802,000	110,000	205,000	75,000	07	000	2,500	8,281
7. Total budgetary resources	7,802,000	110,000	203,000	73,000	07,	000	2,300	0,201,
8. Obligations incurred:								
A. Direct:								
1. Category A	7,601,315	50,000	85,000	45,000	27	000	2,500	7,810.
2. Total, Category B.	7,001,313	30,000	65,000	45,000	27,	000	2,300	7,010
Exempt from apportionment								
J. Estempt nom appointement								
9. Unobligated balance:								
A. Apportioned:								
Balance, currently available	200,685							200
<ol><li>Unobligated balance not available:</li></ol>		for lines 10A						
A. Apportioned for subsequent periods		consistent wi						
B. Deferred	amounts o	n the latest S	r					
C. Withheld pending recission	132.							
D. Other	7 902 000	60,000	120,000	30,000	0.7	000	2 500	270,
11. Total status of budgetary resources  RELATIONSHIP OF OBLIGATIONS TO OUTLAYS	7,802,000	110,000	205,000	75,000	δ/,	000	2,500	8,281
12. Obligated balance, net as of October 1		100,000	365,000	40.000	7	000	5,000	517.
12. Congaide databot, not as of October 1		100,000	505,000	10,000	· '	-	5,500	517
14. Obligated balance, net, end of period:								
C. Undelivered orders (+)	43,720							43
D. Accounts payable (+)	80,745	50,000	280,000	20,000	2,	000		432
15. Outlays:		•	•					
A. Disbursements (+)	7,476,850	100,000	170,000	65,000	32,	000	4,000	7,847
B. Collections (-)	-403,000							-403
NOTE: Line 1A, P.L. 106-300.								
NOTE: Line 9A, Withdrawn pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1552.		Idantific :	a faatnata 4	, I				
Identify in a footnote, the law(s) providing budget								
(Authorized Officer) (Date)		authority.	ams budge	·			ie)	
					(Addres			
					(T)1	1	`	
					(Phone	number	·)	
		it 121A illustra	ntes		(Phone	number	.)	

### **Annual Account with Reimbursements--September 30 Report**



### No-Year Account--Quarterly Report



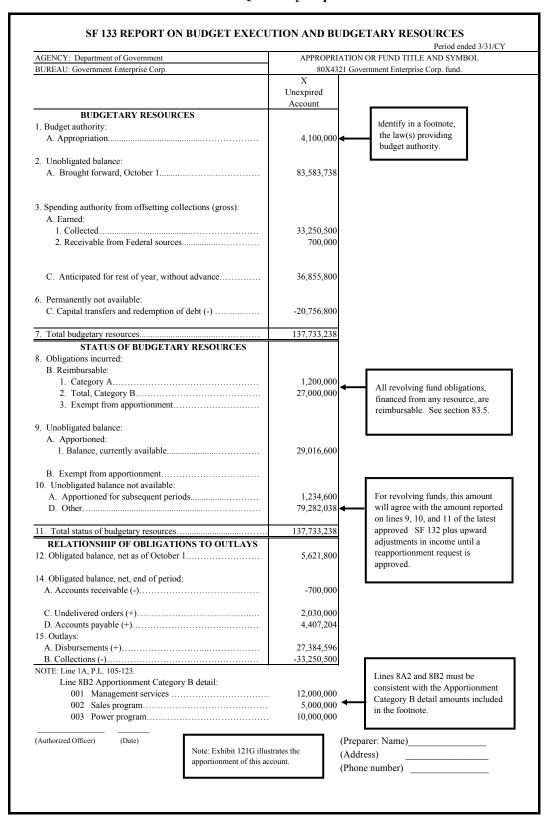
### No-Year Account--Quarterly Report

### SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES Period ended 6/30/CY AGENCY: Department of Government APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services 80X1309 Research and development Category A detailed information Breakout of Category A - Direct Obligations by program report category X: 1 Salaries 294,320 X: 2 All Other 59,680 Breakout of Category A - Reimbursable Obligations by program report category X: Salaries 5,000 Category B detailed information Breakout of Category B - Direct Obligations by project and/or program report category X: Research -- Air 2,734,500 Research -- Water X: 2,980,150 X: Research -- All Other 788,750 X. Development of products -- Air 3,890,250 Development of products - - Water X: 3,093,750 Breakout of Category B - Reimbursable Obligations by project and/or program report category Development of products -- Air 98,000 X: X: Development of products - - Water 95,750 $\mathbf{X}$ Development of products -- All other 1,250 Note that the program reporting categories used in Exhibit 121O are re-printed on this portion of the SF 133.

# **Multi-Year Account Apportioned for Two Fiscal Years**

AGENCY: Department of Government	Period ended 6/30/0 APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL			
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services	89-1/2-0100 Unexpired Account	89-1/2-0100 Salaries and Expenses		
BUDGETARY RESOURCES				
1. Budget authority	100 000			
A. Appropriation	100,000			
B. Borrowing authority.				
C. Contract authority.				
D. Net transfers (+ or -)		Notes Exhibit 1211 illustrates		
E. Other		Note: Exhibit 121J illustrates the apportionment of this		
2. Unobligated balance		account.		
A. Brought forward, October 1		account.		
B. Net transfers, balances, actual (+ or -)				
C. Anticipated transfers, balances (+ or -)				
5. Temporarily not available pursuant to Public Law(-)				
6. Permanently not available:				
A. Cancellations of expired and no-year accounts (-) 7. Total budgetary resources	100.000	-		
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES	100,000	=		
3. Obligations incurred:				
A. Direct:				
1. Category A	48,000	To save space, several exhibits		
2. Total, Category B.	48,000	in this section do not display		
3. Exempt from apportionment.		lines that do not contain amounts. Exhibit 130H contains		
9. Unobligated balance:		all lines.		
A. Apportioned:		an inics.		
Balance, currently available	2,000			
B. Exempt from apportionment	2,000			
C. Other available				
10. Unobligated balance not available:				
A. Apportioned for subsequent periods	50,000			
B. Deferred	,			
C. Withheld pending rescission				
D. Other				
11. Total status of budgetary resources	100,000			
RELATIONSHIP OF OBLIGATIONS TO OUTLAYS		1		
12. Obligated balance, net as of October 1				
13. Obligated balance transferred, net (+ or -)				
14. Obligated balance, net, end of period:				
A. Accounts receivable (-)				
B. Unfilled customer orders from Federal sources (-)				
C. Undelivered orders (+)				
D. Accounts payable (+)	28,000			
15. Outlays:				
A. Disbursements (+)	20,000			
B. Collections (-)				
NOTE: Line 1A, P.L. 106-456.				
(Authorized Officer) (Deta)		(Pranarar: Nama)		
(Authorized Officer) (Date)		(Preparer: Name)		
		(Address) (Phone number)		

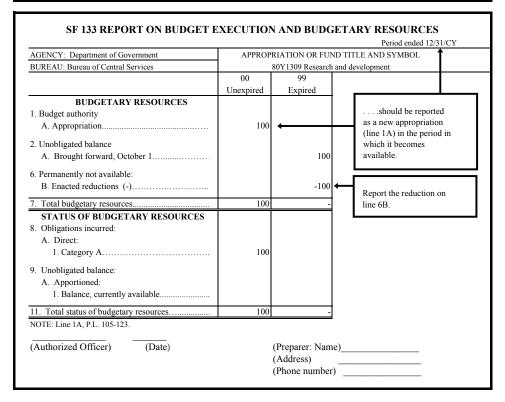
### Public Enterprise (Revolving) or Intragovernmental (Revolving) Fund--Quarterly Report



### **Annual Account--Advance Appropriation**

AGENCY: Department of Government APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYM			
BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services	]	80-1-1309 Researc	h and development
	FY 2001		
	Unexpired		
	Account	_	
BUDGETARY RESOURCES			Report advance appropriations in the
1. Budget Authority			period in which the funds become
A. Appropriation	7,400,000	<b>←</b>	available for obligation and not before.
B. Borrowing authority			For example, an advance appropriation of 7,400,000 in fiscal year 2000
C. Contract authority			appropriations act that will become
D. Net transfers (+ or -)			available for obligations in fiscal year 2001 should be included on line 1A in
E. Other			the fiscal year 2001 SF 133.
5. Temporarily not available pursuant to Public Law (-)		L	
6. Permanently not available:			
A. Cancellations of expired and no-year accounts (-)			
B. Enacted reductions (-)			
C. Capital transfers and redemption of debt			
D. Other authority withdrawn (-)			
E. Pursuant to Public Law (-)			
F. Anticipated rest of year ( + or -)			
7. Total budgetary resources	7,400,000		
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
Obligations incurred:			
A. Direct:			To save space, several exhibits
1. Category A	7,000,000		in this section do not display lines that do not contain
2. Total, Category B			amounts. Exhibit 130H contains
3. Exempt from apportionment			all lines.
9. Unobligated balance:			
A. Apportioned:			
Balance, currently available	400,000		
2. Anticipated (+ or -)	,		
B. Exempt from apportionment			
C. Other available			
Unobligated balance not available:			
A. Apportioned for subsequent periods			
B. Deferred			
C. Withheld pending rescission			
1 0			
D. Other	7,400,000		
RELATIONSHIP OF OBLIGATIONS TO OUTLAYS	7, 100,000		
2. Obligated balance, net as of October 1			
Obligated balance transferred, net (+ or -)      Obligated balance net end of period:			
Obligated balance, net, end of period:     A. Accounts receivable (-)			
B. Unfilled customer orders from Federal sources (-)	1 500 000		
C. Undelivered orders (+)	1,500,000		
D. Accounts payable (+)	500,000		
15. Outlays:	E 000 000		
A. Disbursements (+)	5,000,000		
B. Collections (-)	<u> </u>	j	
NOTE: Line 1A, P.L. 106-123.			
(A.d.: 100° ) (D.:)		/D 33	`
Authorized Officer) (Date)			me)
		(Address)	<u> </u>
		(Phone numbe	er)

#### Annual Account--Reappropriation When a law extends the period of availability of an amount, that in the absence of the law would have expired, the amount is reappropriated. SF 133 REPORT ON BUDGET EXECUTION AND BUDGETARY RESOURCES Period ended 9/30/CY APPROPRIATION OR FUND TITLE AND SYMBOL AGENCY: Department of Government BUREAU: Bureau of Central Services 80-9-1309 Research and development Unexpired BUDGETARY RESOURCES 1. Budget authority A. Appropriation. 200 2. Unobligated balance A. Brought forward, October 1..... 6. Permanently not available: B. Enacted reductions (-).. 7. Total budgetary resources..... 200 STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES 8. Obligations incurred: A. Direct: 1. Category A. 9. Unobligated balance: The amount that had A. Apportioned: been part of an unobligated 1. Balance, currently available... 200 balance (line 9) in a 11. Total status of budgetary resources 200 previous period . . . NOTE: Line 1A, P.L. 106-123. (Authorized Officer) (Date) (Preparer: Name)\_ (Address) (Phone number)



### **Chart of SF 133 General Requirements**

This line	is generally used	l only with					
	An Unexpired Account	An Expired Account	No entry in 4th Qrtr.	A Negative Amount	A Positive Amount	OMB Approval	A Footnote
BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
Budget authority:							
A. Appropriation							
B. Borrowing authority							
C. Contract authority							
D. Net transfers (+ or -).							
E. Other							
2. Unobligated balance:							
A. Brought forward, October 1							
B. Net transfers, balances, actual (+ or -)							
C. Anticipated transfers, balances (+ or -)							
3. Spending authority from offsetting collections (gross):							
A. Earned:							
1. Collected							
Receivable from Federal sources							
B. Change in unfilled customer orders (+ or -):							
Advance received							
Without advance from Federal sources							
C. Anticipated for rest of year, without advance							
D. Transfers from trust funds:							
1. Collected.							
2. Anticipated.							
<ol><li>Recoveries of prior year obligations:</li></ol>							
A. Actual							
B. Anticipated							
5. Temporarily not available pursuant to Public Law (-)							
Permanently not available:							
A. Cancellations of expired and no-year accounts (-)							
B. Enacted reductions (-)							
C. Capital transfers and redemption of debt							
D. Other authority withdrawn (-)							
E. Pursuant to Public Law (-)							
F. Anticipated rest of year (-)							
7. Total budgetary resources							
STATUS OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES							
Obligations incurred:							
A. Direct:							
1. Category A							
2. Total, Category B.							
Exempt from apportionment							
B. Reimbursable:							
1. Category A							
2. Total, Category B.							
3. Exempt from apportionment							
9. Unobligated balance:							
A. Apportioned:							
Balance, currently available							
2. Anticipated (+ or -)							
B. Exempt from apportionment							
C. Other available.							
10. Unobligated balance not available:							
A. Apportioned for subsequent periods							
B. Deferred.							
C. Withheld pending rescission							
D. Other							
11. Total status of budgetary resources							
RELATIONSHIP OF OBLIGATIONS TO OUTLAYS							
12. Obligated balance, net as of October 1							
13. Obligated balance transferred, net (+ or -)							
14. Obligated balance, net, end of period:							
A. Accounts receivable (-)							
B. Unfilled customer orders from Federal sources (-)							
C. Undelivered orders (+)	1						
D. Accounts payable (+)							
15. Outlays:							
A Dichurcoments (+)							1
A. Disbursements (+)							

### SF 133 Outlay Formula

The following is the outlay	formula to be used to check the internal	consistency of the SF 133
The following is the outla	formula to be asea to effect the internal	consistency of the St 133.

Outlays = Lines 8 -  $(3A+3B+3D+4A) + 12 \pm 13 - (-14A-14B+14C+14D)$ 

Step 1: Take the total amount on line 8Obligations Incurred		19,656,000
Step 2: Subtract the sum of the following lines:		
Spending authority from offsetting collections (gross)		
Line 3A1Collected.	197,000	
Line 3A2Receivable from Federal sources.	0	
Line 3B1Advance Received.	12,000	
Line 3B2Without advance from Federal sources	0	
Line 3D1Collected.	0	
Line 3D2Anticipated	0	
Recoveries of prior year obligations		
Line 4AActual	76,000	
Sum	285,000	-285,000
Step 3: Add the amount on line 12Obligated balance, net as of October 1	407,500	407,500
Step 4: Add (if positive) or subtract (if negative)		
the amount on line 13Obligated balance, transferred, net (+ or -)	0	0
Step 5: Subtract the sum of the following lines:		
Obligated balance, net, end of period		
Line 14AAccounts receivable(-)	0	
Line 14BUnfilled customer orders from Federal sources(-)	0	
Line 14CUndelivered Orders (+)	183,400	
Line 14DAccounts payable (+).		
Sum	382,400	-382,400
Outlays:		
Line 15ADisbursements (+).	19,605,100	
Line 15BCollections (-).		
• •	19,396,100	

Note: These amounts come from Exhibit 130C

Result: This should be the sum of lines 15A + 15B. 19,396,100

# Crosswalk from the SF 133 to the Treasury Combined Statement

SF 133 Report on Budget Execution and Budgetary Resources	Treasury Combined Statement		
Line 2A - Unobligated balance: Brought forward, October 1	Column 1 <sup>a/</sup> : Balances beginning of fiscal year, unobligated balance (unexpired) and unobligated balance (expired)		
Line 12 - Obligated balance, net as of October 1	Column 1: Balances beginning of fiscal year, obligated balance: The sum of accounts payable and undelivered orders minus the sum of accounts receivable and unfilled customer orders		
Line 1- Budget authority	Column 2: Appropriations and other obligational authority: Total		
Line 1D - Budget authority: Net transfers (+ or - )	Net effect shown, with a footnote in column 2 for transfers between annual accounts in the same fund group. All other transfers shown in Column 3		
Line 6B - Enacted rescissions (-)	Column 2: Appropriations and other obligational authority: Total Column 5: Balances withdrawn and other transactions: The sum of the entries for undisbursed funds, unfunded contract authority, authority to borrow from Treasury, and authority to borrow from the public (plus increases in unobligated balances footnoted in columns 1 and 6 as unavailable for obligation)		
Not applicable	Column 3: Transfers, borrowings, and investments (net)		
Line 2B - Unobligated balance: Net transfers, actual (+ or -)	Not applicable		
Line 13 - Obligated balance transferred, net (+ or -)	Not applicable		
Line 15 - Outlays includes line 15A - Disbursements and line 15B - Collections.	Column 4: Outlays (net): Total		
Line 3 - Spending auth. from offsetting collections (gross)	Not applicable		
Line 4 - Recoveries of prior year obligations	Not applicable		
Line 5 - Temporarily not available pursuant to Public Law	Not applicable		
Not applicable	Column 5: Balances withdrawn and other transactions: The sum of the entries for undisbursed funds, unfunded contract authority, authority to borrow from Treasury, and authority to borrow from the public (plus increases in unobligated balances footnoted in columns 1 and 6 as unavailable for obligation)		
Line 9 - Unobligated balance Line 10 - Unobligated balance not available	Column 6: Balances end of fiscal year, unobligated balance		
Line 14 - Obligated balance, net, end of period	Column 6: Balances end of fiscal year, obligated balance: The sum of accounts payable and undelivered orders minus the sum of accounts receivable and unfilled customer orders		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a/</sup> Column 1 of the Treasury Combined Statement (previously known as the Treasury Annual Report) means the first column after the Acount Symbol columns.

# Crosswalk from the SF 133 to the Program and Financing Schedule

This crosswalk only applies to the September 30 SF 133 and the "actual" column of the President's Budget and does not include memorandum lines. You can find the definitions of Program and Financing Schedule lines in section 82. See section 130.15 for additional guidance on ensuring consistent actuals.

SF 133	Unexpired Accounts	Expired Accounts	PROGRAM AND FINANCING SCHEDULE
BUDGETARY RESOURCES			
1. Budget Authority			Discretionary authority:
A. Appropriation			4000 Appropriation
			4020 Appropriation (special fund)
			4026 Appropriation (trust fund)
			4028 Appropriation available from subsequent year
			4029 Appropriation available in prior year (-)
			5000 Reappropriation
			5500 Advance appropriation
			5520 Advance appropriation (special fund)
			5526 Advance appropriation (trust fund)
			6826 Spend. Auth. From offsetting collections (unavail. balances)
			Mandatory authority:
			6000 Appropriation
			6020 Appropriation (special fund) 6026 Appropriation (trust fund)
			6028 Appropriation (unavailable balances) 6300 Reappropriation
			6500 Advance appropriation
			6526 Advance appropriation (trust fund)
			6926 Spend. Auth. From offsetting collections (unavail. balances)
			0920 Spend. Addi. From offsetting concertons (unavan. balances)
B. Borrowing authority			Discretionary authority:
			4700 Authority to borrow
			Mandatory authority:
			6710 Authority to borrow
			6716 Authority to borrow (12 U.S.C. 2281-96)
			These P&F lines also include the amount withdrawn (SF 133 line 6D)
			from the indefinite borrowing authority (SF 133 line 1B) that is
			not needed to incur obligations.
			<u> </u>
C. Contract authority			Discretionary authority:
			4900 Contract authority
			Mandatory authority:
			6610 Contract authority
			These P&F lines also include the amount withdrawn (SF 133 line 6D)
			from the indefinite contract authority (SF 133 line 1C) that is
			not needed to incur obligations.
D. Net transfers (+ or -)	_		Discretionary authority:
/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		1	4100 Transferred to other accounts (appropriations) (-)
			4200 Transferred from other accounts (appropriations) (+)
			6861 Transferred to other accounts (spending auth. from offset. coll.) (-)
			6862 Transferred from other accounts (spending auth. from offset. coll.)(+)
			Mandatory authority:
			6100 Transferred to other accounts (appropriations) (-)
			6200 Transferred from other accounts (appropriations) (+)
			6661 Transferred to other accounts (contract authority) (-)
			6662 Transferred from other accounts (contract authority) (+)
			6961 Transferred to other accounts (spending auth. from offset. coll.) (-)
			6962 Transferred from other accounts (spending auth. from offset. coll.) (+)
E. Other	Null Set		
E. Other	. ivaii set		
7. Total budgetary resources.			2390 Total budgetary resources available for obligation

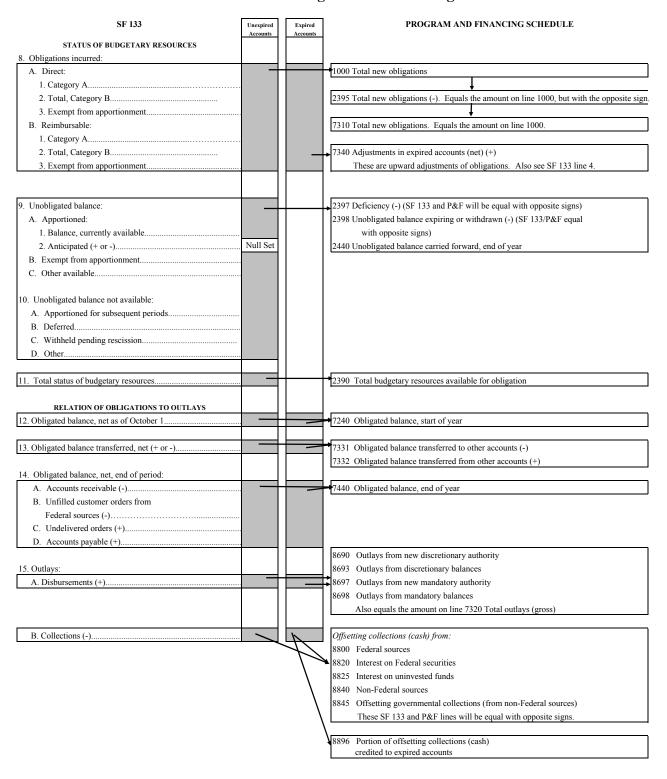
# Crosswalk from the SF 133 to the Program and Financing Schedule--Continued

SF 133	Unexpired Accounts	Expire Accoun		PROGRAM AND FINANCING SCHEDULE
Unobligated balance     A. Brought forward, October 1 (+ or -)				2140 Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year
A. Blought forward, October 1 (1 of 1)				SF 133 line 2A is a positive unless you have a deficiency that has not been liquidated in a prior year. When SF 133 line 2A is negative and a resource is realized to liquidate a deficiency, then the P&F will show the appropriation to liquidate the deficiency on the following lines:  Discretionary authority: Appropriations  4048 Portion applied to liquidate deficiencies (-)  Mandatory authority: Appropriations 6048 Portion applied to liquidate deficiencies (-)  Discretionary authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections 6833 Portion applied to liquidate deficiencies (-)  Mandatory authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections 6933 Portion applied to liquidate deficiencies (-)
B. Net transfers, balances, actual (+ or -)	_			2221 Unobligated balance transferred to other accounts (-)
C. Anticipated transfers, balances (+ or -)	Null Set			2222 Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts (+) 2230 Expired unobligated balance transfer to unexpired accounts (+)
3. Spending authority from offsetting collections (gross)				Discretionary authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections
A. Earned:				6800 Offsetting collections (cash)
1. Collected			4	Mandatory authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections
Receivable from Federal sources  B. Change in unfilled customer orders (+ or -):	$\rightarrow$		X	6900 Offsetting collections (cash)
1. Advance received		N /	/	7410 Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (expired)
Without advance from Federal sources		$\bigvee$		These SF 133 and P&F lines will be equal with opposite signs.
C. Anticipated for rest of year,		$\mathbb{W}\setminus$		
without advance	Null Set		$\setminus$	Discretionary authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections
D. Transfers from trust funds:		/	1	6810 Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired)
1. Collected				Mandatory authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections
2. Anticipated	Null Set			6910 Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired)
				7400 Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired) Equals the amounts on lines 6810 and 6910, but with the opposite sign.
				8895 Change in uncollected customer payments from Federal sources (unexpired) Equals the amounts on lines 6810 and 6910.
4. Recoveries of prior year obligations:  A. Actual	_			2210 Resources available from recoveries of prior year obligations
B. Anticipated	Null Set			
			$\setminus$	7345 Recoveries of prior year obligations (-) Equals the amount on line 2210, but with the opposite sign.
				7340 Adjustments in expired accounts (net) (-)  These are recoveries of prior year obligations. Also see SF 133 line 8.  These SF 133 and P&F lines will be equal with opposite signs.
5. Temporarily not available pursuant to Public Law (-)				≥ 2398 Unobligated balance expiring or withdrawn (-)
				Discretionary authority: 4037 Appropriation temporarily reduced (-) 4038 Unobligated balance temporarily reduced (appropriations) (-) 4945 Portion precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations)(contract authority)(-) 5537 Advance appropriation temporarily reduced (-) 6837 Portion temporarily reduced (spend. auth. from offset. coll.)(-) Mandatory authority: 6037 Appropriation temporarily reduced (-) 6038 Unobligated balance temporarily reduced (appropriations) (-) 6045 Portion precluded from obligation (appropriations) (-) 6537 Advance appropriation temporarily reduced (-) 6845 Portion precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations) (spend. auth. from offset. coll.)(-) 6937 Portion temporarily reduced (spend. auth. from offset. coll.)(-) 6945 Portion precluded from obligation (limitation on obligations)(spend. auth. from offset. coll) (-)

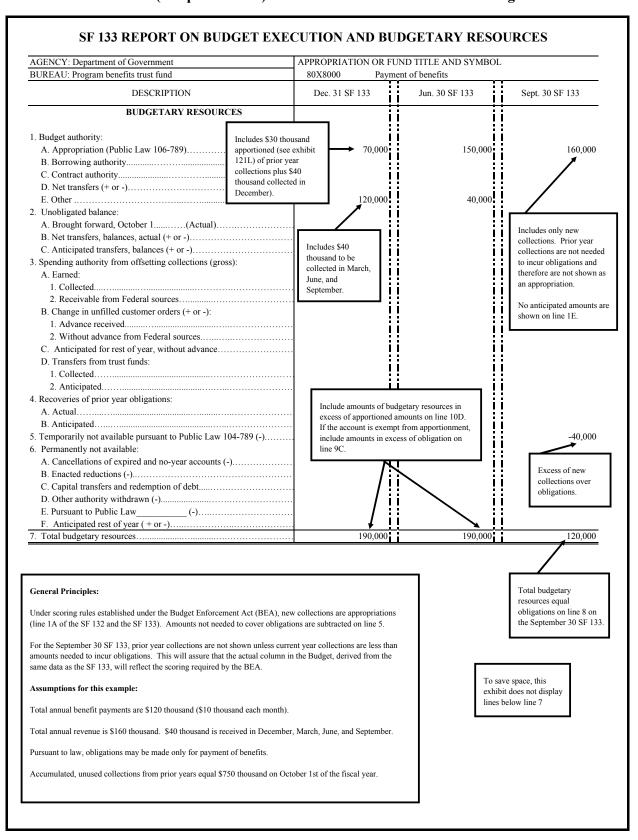
# Crosswalk from the SF 133 to the Program and Financing Schedule--Continued

SF 133	Unexpired Accounts	Expired Accounts	PROGRAM AND FINANCING SCHEDULE
6. Permanently not available:			
A. Cancellations of expired and no-year accounts (-)			2398 Unobligated balance expiring or withdrawn (-)
B. Enacted reductions (-)  C. Capital transfers and redemption of debt (-)			These apply only to accounts in the national defense function 050:  2380 Reduction pursuant to PL 99-177 in unoblig balances (disc.) (-)  2385 Reduction pursuant to PL 99-177 in unoblig balances (mand.) (-)  Discretionary authority:  4035 Appropriation permanently reduced (-)  4036 Unobligated balance permanently reduced (appropriations) (-)  4735 Authority to borrow permanently reduced (-)  4936 Unobligated balance permanently reduced (-)  4936 Unobligated balance permanently reduced (contract authority) (-)  5035 Reappropriation permanently reduced (-)  5035 Advance appropriation permanently reduced (-)  6036 Unobligated balance permanently reduced (appropriations) (-)  6037 Reappropriation permanently reduced (-)  6038 Reappropriation permanently reduced (-)  6036 Contract authority permanently reduced (-)  6037 Authority to borrow permanently reduced (-)  6038 Capital transfer to general fund (unobligated balances) (-)  2240 Capital transfer to general fund (unobligated balances) (-)  4047 Portion applied to repay debt (appropriations) (-)  6827 Capital transfer to general fund (spending authority from offsetting collection
D. Other authority withdrawn (-)			6827 Capital transfer to general fund (spending authority from offsetting collection 6847 Portion applied to repay debt (spending authority from offsetting collections) 6927 Capital transfer to general fund (spending authority from offsetting collection 6947 Portion applied to repay debt (spending authority from offsetting collections)  2270 Balance of authority to borrow withdrawn (-)
			2275 Balance of contract authority withdrawn (-)  Discretionary authority: Appropriations  4050 Portion of approps. to liquidate contract authority withdrawn (-)  4053 Portion substituted for borrowing authority (-)  Mandatory authority: Appropriations  6053 Portion substituted for borrowing authority (-)  Discretionary authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections  6849 Portion applied to liquidate contract authority (-)  Mandatory authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections  6949 Portion applied to liquidate contract authority (-)  Mandatory authority: Spending authority from offsetting collections  6949 Portion applied to liquidate contract authority (-)  These P&F lines exclude the amounts withdrawn (SF 133 line 6D)  from the indefinite borrowing authority (SF 133 line 1B) and  contract authority (SF 133 line 1C) that are not needed to incur  obligations.
E. Pursuant to Public Law (-)			*Discretionary authority: Appropriations 4049 Portion applied to liquidate contract authority (-) 6049 Portion applied to liquidate contract authority (-)
F. Anticipated rest of year (-)	Null Set		

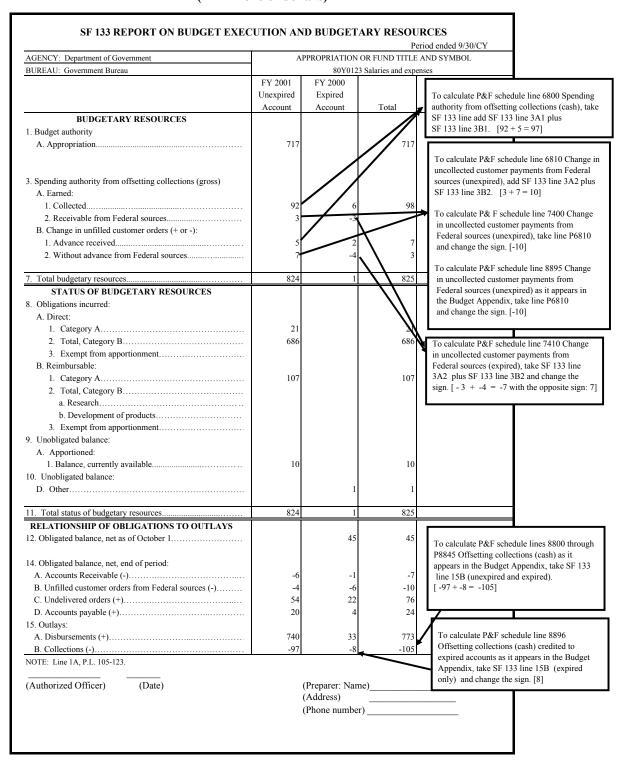
### Crosswalk from the SF 133 to the Program and Financing Schedule--Continued



### Trust Fund (or Special Fund) with Collections Precluded from Obligation



### Relationship between Selected SF 133 and Program and Financing Schedule Lines (in millions of dollars)



#### Relationship between Selected SF 133 and Program and Financing Schedule Lines -- Continued (in millions of dollars)

	Budget Program and Financing Schedule		
	<del>-</del>	Budget	MAX
Ī		Appendix	Schedule P
Ī	Identification code: 80-0123-0-1-350	PY actual	PY actual
Ī	Obligations by program activity:		
7	Direct program:	100	
/	0001 Research		
	0002 Development of products.	607 107	
	0901 Reimbursable program.		
	1000 Total new obligations	814	
	Budgetary resources available for obligation:	024	
	2200 New budget authority (gross)		
	2390 Total budgetary resources available for obligation		
	2395 Total new obligations.		
<i>J</i> [	2398 Unobligated balance expiring or withdrawn (-)	-10	
expired <	New budget authority (gross), detail:		
\	Appropriation		
	Discretionary:	212	
	4000 Appropriation	717	
	Spending authority from offsetting collections:	07	
	6800 Offsetting collections (cash)	97	
	Change in uncollected customer payments from	10	
	Federal sources [unexpired]	10	
	Spending authority from offsetting collections	107	
\	(total)		
K	7000 Total new budget authority (gross)	824	
/	Change in obligated balances:		
	7240 Obligated balance, start of year	45	
	[unexpired and expired ]	45	
	7310 Total new obligations (unexpired)	814	
	7320 Total outlays (gross) (-) (unexpired and expired)	-773	
	7400 Change in uncollected customer payments		
J [	from Federal sources (unexpired)	-10	
expired _	7410 Change in uncollected customer payments		
Expired	from Federal sources (expired)	7	
) [	Obligated balance, end of year		
	[unexpired and expired]	83	
	Outlays (gross), detail (unexpired and expired):		
	8690 Outlays from new discretionary authority	740	
	8693 Outlays from discretionary balances	33	
	8700 Total outlays (gross)	773	
V	6/00 Total outlays (gross)	113	
	Offsets:		
	Against gross authority and outlays:		
	Offsetting collections (cash) from:		
	8800 Federal sources [unexpired and expired]	-105	10
Ī	Against gross budget authority only:		
	8895 Change in uncollected customer payments		
	from Federal sources (unexpired)	-10	1
	8896 Portion of offsetting collections (cash) credited to expired accounts	8	-
	Net budget authority and outlays:		
	8900 Budget authority (net)	717	
Ī	9000 Outlays (net)	668	

#### Relationship between Selected SF 133 and Program and Financing Schedule Lines -- Continued (in millions of dollars)

